Dear Parents, Apr. 2022

Attached is the 2022-2023 diabetes packet for you to complete and return for the upcoming school year. It is important that the paper work is on file by August 16, 2022. Please bring medications and blood sugar testing supplies to our Open House. Medications (insulin, glucagon, and glucose tablets) need to be in their original containers, labeled with the child's name, and not to expire until the end of the school year. All medications need a signed physician's order. Medication orders may be faxed to +1-636-532-6502.

Should you have any questions please feel free to call the school office.

Thank you,

Gretchen Kirsch, RN, BSN Ascension School Nurse

## Diabetes Health History Form

Date tillifier		
Name	Birthdate	Grade
Father/Guardian	Phone (home)	(work)
Mother/Guardian	Phone (home)	(work)
Assessment/Daily Management		
Baseline Information: Temp	PulseRe	spB/P
Height Weight	Glasses/Contacts	Hearing
Known Allergies		
Date Diagnosed with Diabetes	Last Hospitali:	zation
Has Glucagon ever been administer	red? YesNo If ye	s, what was the reaction:
Diabetes Medication		
Type of Insulin/ Oral Med Dosa	ge Time To Be Given	Reaction Signs/Symptoms
2.		х
3.		
Transported Daily	Stored at Sch	ool
Test(s) performed at school:		Time(s)
Equipment needed:		
Physical Education (PE) / Exercise	se Activities Scheduled: AM	PM
PE Modification		

- continued on back -

## Diabetes Health History Form - Continued

Food Intake: Times: Breakfast	_Lunch AN	M SnackPM	[
Brings own food Storage	Selec	ts in Cafeteria	
Needs AssistanceType of Assistance	tance Needed		
EMERGENCY INSTRUCTIONS:			
If parent or guardian cannot be reached, Name	contact:Relationship	Phone	
Name			
Physician/Health Care Provider		Phone	
Hospital Preferred			
Transportation Requested: Parent			
Other Instructions:			
Other Health Concerns:			
Additional Medication(s):			
			-
Parents/Guardian Signature	<del></del>	Date	

Source: "Diabetes Management in the School Setting", 1998, Missouri Association of School Nurses.

#### (Sample #1)

## **Emergency Action Plan**Diabetes Healthcare

Student's Name	nt's Name Grade	
Address	iress Home Phone	
Father/Guardian		
Phone: Home	Work	Cell
Mother/Guardian		
Phone: Home	Work	Cell
Other person to contact in an Er Name		
Address		
Phone: Home	Work	Cell
Hospital Preferred		
Physician(s) or Health Care Provide		
Phone		
	cy items to be left at scho	ool:
Glucose tablets	Glucagon _	
Snacks	Blood gluce	ose meter
Glucose Gel	<u>Insulin</u>	
	Syringes	
	Other	
	e, such as 1/2 carton of mill	ntinely followed at school is: to give k, ½ cup fruit juice, or ½ cup non diet onscious, call 911. Call
i approve the above emergency her	althcare action plan as writ	tten Yes No
Please make the following changes	to the emergency healthc	are action plan:
	- (continued on back)	
	- (continued on pack)	•

## (Sample #1 Continued) Emergency Action Plan Diabetes Healthcare

List other additional information or significant special health concerns of this student.		
equipment I have provid	nergency blood glucose testing by the school nulled. I understand that when the school nurse of blood glucose testing, the parent/guardian will_No	designee is not
Additional directions reg	garding blood glucose testing:	
Written and submitted by	y: Nurse or Designee	
	Nurse or Designee	Date
Reviewed and signed:		
_	Parent/guardian	Date
_	Student	Date
	Physican or Health Care Provider	Date
To be reviewed		
	Date	
The emergency healthcar needs, at least annually.	e action plan should be revised according to th	e child's specific
Source: "Diabetes Management of Springfield School District	nt in the School Setting", 1998, Missouri Association of Emergency Action Plan – Diabetes Healthcare.	School Nurses. Sample
Diabetes Management in the S	chool Setting A-14	

#### **DIABETES: LOW BLOOD SUGAR EMERGENCIES**

MY NAME IS		<u> </u>
THAVE DIABETES AND MUST TAKE	E INSULIN DAILY.	
IF YOU SEE ME:	A.S.	
GROWL GROWL	RYING, CONFUSED IRRITABLE	
HUNGRY, WEAK	W17	PALE
		PERSPIRING SHAKY
DROWSY	1 1	OR BEHAVING STRANGELY
INATTENTIVE	HEADACHE NAUSEA	IN ANY WAY
I may be having a LOW BLOOD  My most common symptoms a  A LOW BLOOD SUGAR EMI occur before lunch or after stre	ERGENCY (insulin reaction	n) would most likely
	e-diet) • CANDY OR	
· ·	packets) • FRUIT JUIC	
Repeat if I do not improve in 5- Don't leave me alone, please. Follow up with additional food- I may need coaxing to eat. But if I'm unconscious or unat GET EMERGENCY HELP!	— such as milk, cookies, cra	
For additional help call:		
PARENT	PHONE	
PARENT	PHONE	
DOCTOR	PHONE	

Please don't send me home alone when I've had a reaction.
(See reverse side)

#### **Facts About Diabetes**

- A person who has Type 1 diabetes has to take insulin by injection at least once a day because he or she does not make enough of the hormone insulin to meet the body's needs. Without insulin, one's food cannot be properly metabolized.
- 2. Sometimes the balance between sugar and insulin in the body is upset. Then the person can have a LOW BLOOD SUGAR EMERGENCY (insulin reaction). This can occur at any time, but most frequently happens after:
  - Excessive physical activity, without extra food ahead of time
  - Failure to eat the proper amount at the proper time

Too much administered insulin

- 3. The symptoms of LOW BLOOD SUGAR EMERGENCY (insulin reaction) vary. Most young people with diabetes are aware when they need extra food. But there may be times when they may not be aware that a low blood sugar emergency is occurring. At that point you must be able to recognize the symptoms and offer the foods mentioned on the reverse side of this card.
- 4. On occasion, the youngster with diabetes may need to drink more water than usual and have to go to the bathroom more often than normally allowed. This is the result of high blood sugar, and you may want to alert the parents.

For additional copies and information:



dedicated to finding a cure

Saint Louis Chapter 225 S. Meramec, Suite 400 Saint Louis, MO 63305

The Juvenile Diabetes Foundation International was founded in 1970 by parents of children with diabetes who were convinced that diabetes could be cured through research. They were and still are determined to make that cure happen in their children's lifetime.

JDF is the world's leading nonprofit, nongovernmental funder of diabetes research. JDF's mission is to find a cure for diabetes and its complications through the support of research. For more information, visit our website: <a href="https://www.idf.org">www.idf.org</a>.

(See reverse side)

# Prescription Medication Order and Permission to Administer Medication and to Test Blood Sugar Form

(To be returned to the school nurse or designee)

From time to time, it may be necessary for your child to take prescription medicine for treatment of an illness. Medicines that are ordered to be taken less than 4 times a day can and should be taken at home. However, if medicine must be taken 4 or more times a day, or at a specific time scheduled during school hours, the school nurse or designee, as mandated by state law, may dispense medications ONLY WITH THE FOLLOWING:

- . Medication order, signed by the physicians
- 2. Parental authorization, signed by the parent or guardian
- 3. Original pharmacist labeled bottle.

	MEDICATION ORDER
Student:	Date of Birth://
Medication:	
Directions:	
Reason for giving:	
Date:/ Telepho	one number of physician or health care provider:
(Signature of Physician or	Health Care Provider)
	PERMISSION TO ADMINISTER
Date: / / The	reby give my permission for to
take the above prescription	
(Signature of Parent/Guard	ian)
PER	MISSION TO TEST BLOOD SUGAR LEVEL
	ant permission for the school nurse or designee to test my child's during a crisis or emergency situation.
(Signature of Parent/Guard	ian)
Date:/ I grablood sugar level during a	unt permission for the school nurse or designee to test this child's crisis or emergency situation.
(Signature of Physician or	Health Care Provider)
Source: "Diabetes Managemen	t in the School Setting", 1998, Missouri Association of School Nurses.